

وآللكه آلزنجمز آلرجي By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)	
1. Hameem. <sup>1</sup>	حمّ 🗇
2. By <sup>2</sup> The Book <sup>x</sup> the manifester. <sup>x</sup>	وَٱلۡكِتَنبِٱلۡمُبِين شَ
3. Verily We, We made it Qur'an Arabic la'alla (craving	إِنَّا جَعَلْنَهُ قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لَّعَلَّكُمْ
currently unavailable deed that / perhaps) you bcerebrate you. z	تُعْقِلُونَ ۖ ۞
4. And verily it <sup>x</sup> (is) in the Book's <sup>x</sup> Mother ladayna <sup>3</sup> (directly and possessively from Us) (is) surely Aa'leyo (High beyond description),	وَإِنَّهُ مِنْ أُمِّرِ ٱلۡكِتَنبِ لَدَيْنَا لَعَلَى ۗ
Hakeemon <sup>4</sup> (infinite hekmah <sup>5</sup> Possessor).	حَكِيدُ
5. Do then [We] strike a'n (off) youb the thek'ra (Qur'an/	أَفَنَضْرِبُ عَنكُمُ ٱلذِّكْرَ صَفْحًا
<i>messenger-reminder</i> ) ( <i>in</i> ) condonation; <sup>6</sup> that you <sup>c</sup> were a people, exceeders.	أَن كُنتُدِّ قَوْمًا مُسْرِفِينَ ٢
6. And how-many <sup>7</sup> We sent of a prophet <sup>x</sup> in the firsts.	وَكُمْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن نَّبِيّ فِي ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ۞
7. And notya'ateyhom's (approaches/comes-to them) of a prophet	وَمَا يَأْتِيهِم مِّن نَّيِّ إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِـ
except they <sup>z</sup> were by him yastah'zeona (they <sup>z</sup> affirmably jesting).	يَسُتُهْزِءُونَ 🕲
8. So We perished a harder than them seizing; and proceeded	فَأُهْلَكُنَآ أُشَدَّ مِنْهُم بَطُشًا وَمَضَىٰ
the firsts' example <sup>x</sup> /parable. <sup>x</sup>	مَثُلُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ۞
9. And <i>la'en</i> ( <i>indeed if</i> ) you <sup>h</sup> asked them: Who <sup>a</sup> created the	وَلَهِنِ سَأَلْتُهُم مَّنِّ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَواتِ
Heavens <sup>w</sup> and the Earth; surely assuredly ( <i>would</i> ) say they: created them The Mighty The Omniscient.	وَٱلْأَرْضَ لَيَقُولُنَّ خَلَقَهُنَّ ٱلْعَزيز
	آلِعَليمُ ۞
10. Who made for youbthe Earth mehadan (bedding) - cradle/fixed-expanse) and [He] made for youb in it paths,	ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ لِكُمُ ٱلْأَرْضِ
la'alla(craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you	مَهْدًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ فِيهَا سُبُلًا
tahtadona (you <sup>n</sup> become divinely-guided).	لْعَلّْكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ۞
11. And Who nazzala ([He] iteratively descended) from the skyw	وَٱلَّذِي نَزُّلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً
water <sup>x</sup> by a <i>qada'ren</i> (standard/measurement); so We resurrected by it <sup>x</sup> baldatan <sup>w</sup> (region/country/city) <sup>w</sup> dead; <sup>w</sup>	بِقَدَر فَأَنشَرْنَا بِهِ عِلْدَةً مُّيْتًا
like tha'leka(afar-that-it/that)x tokhrajona (you? be emerged-/resurrected).	كُذَ الِكَ تُخُرَجُونَ ﴿
12. And Who [He] created the pairs, <sup>8</sup> all (of) it; <sup>w</sup> and [He]	وَٱلَّذِي خَلَقَٱلْأَزْوَجَ كُلُّهَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for a commentary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In Arabic the letter "3" is a letter used to *smear* in the name of Allah. In English the *equivalent* for swearing is "by." Therefore, since this Ayah begins by making an oath by the name of the "القارعات" so we start with

the word "by" and not "s" as "s" will not suffice the meaning.

3 The word "لان" is closer than "ندن" as you can say: "للنان المان ليس بقيضتك الآن" thus, "ندن" which closer spatially and more specific. So, "directly and possessively from" (Us) seems to indicate such closeness. See "اللسان 4 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "مكيم" and "مكيم"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

<sup>6</sup> The expression "غرض عنه" "; 'عرض عنه ";" translating this into: "[he] struck off him (in) condonation," = "pardoned him for his wrongdoing." The word علم is علم denotative of state, or infinitive noun., so (in) is prefixed to denote that.

<sup>7</sup> The word "≯" is an interrogative exclamatory particle, meaning: "how-many," "how-much," "how-long."

made for you<sup>b</sup> of the *folke*<sup>x</sup> (*ship*/*ships*)<sup>x</sup> and the *an'aame*<sup>w</sup> (cattle/sheep/goats/camels) what you ride. 13. To embark/set<sup>9</sup> you<sup>2</sup> on its<sup>x</sup>10 backs<sup>x</sup> afterwards remember your<sup>n</sup>Lord's boon<sup>w11</sup> if you<sup>z</sup> embarked/set on it<sup>x12</sup> and you<sup>z</sup> say: subhana<sup>13</sup> (hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of) Who subjugated for us this while we were not for it was a subjugated for us this while we were not for it was a subjugated for us this while we were not for it was a subjugated for us this while we were not for it was a subjugated for us this was a sub subduers/associates.<sup>14</sup> 14. And verily we(*are*) to our Lord surely transposing. 15 وَإِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا لَمُنقَلِبُونَ 🕝 15. And they<sup>z</sup> made for Him of His eba'de (worshippers/ وَجَعَلُواْ لَهُ مِنْ عِبَادِه جُزَّءًا submitters/laves) a part; verily the mankind (is) surely *kafooron*<sup>16</sup> (*iterative unbeliever/ingrate*) manifester. 16. Or ittakhatha<sup>17</sup>([He] took and made) of what [He] creates daughters; and assfa18 (preferentially appropriated) you<sup>b</sup> [He] by the sons. 17. And if bushshera<sup>19</sup> ([he] had been told pleasant tidings) an ahado<sup>20</sup> (a lone/any-one) (of) them by what [he] struck for Ar-Rahman a parable/example remained his face blackened<sup>21</sup> while he(*is being*) ka'dheemon<sup>22</sup> (unrelentingly suppressor of his grief). 18. Is whom<sup>p</sup> (is) (being) reared [he] in the ornament<sup>w</sup> while he (is) in the dispute other than a manifester. 19. And they<sup>z</sup> made the angels, who<sup>r</sup> they (are) eba'de (worshippers of / submitters of / slaves of) Ar-Rhama'nefemales; have they witnessed their creation; shall (be) written their testimony and (to be) questioned they.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>11</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "ne'amah" ("boon").

<sup>12</sup> See footnote 10 above regarding it<sup>x</sup>.

"we (are) transposing," means we are betaking ourselves returning.

<sup>8</sup> The word "تُوجين" in "تُوجين" strictly and linguistically speaking means (1) pair, (2) husband or wife, (3) the individual entity with a companion, (4) category (sort or kind or specimen, (5) hue (color). And quite relevant to the word "¿¿; is its plural: (1) "أزواج", which could also mean: (2) similars, i.e. the look-likes.), (3) hues. See اللسان. The word "علا فوق الدابة و فوق البيت" "See السنان. So embark is to board a vessel or go aboard."

<sup>10</sup> The pronoun "ع"="his" indicating the "gender," which is masculine singular, subjective noun. See القرطبي. Also, this pronoun refers to "some," as the embarking would happen with respect to "some" not everyone of what is to be embarked on. Additionally, "ולנפוס" and the "ולנפוס" and the male of the "ולנפוס" all are masculine gender; although in English the pronoun "it" suffices for all, i.e. "it" for [his] and [him]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The word "subhana"= "سيحان" has no English equivalent. Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبخانك") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness. So, we can render "subhana"= "مبحان" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him.

<sup>&</sup>quot;'= "we are capable of having it within/under our power." مطيقين" has many meanings, among them: "مطيقين" has many meanings, among them: The word "مقرنين" could mean: "companions or associates." See

<sup>16</sup> The word "كڤور" is masculine noun, denying Allah's multiple favors, i.e. he is a multitudinous unbeliever/ingrate.

17 The word "كڤور" from "الْخُذَادُ" which is "الْآخَادُ" for "الْآخَادُ" as stated in السان العرب, therefore "المُتَحَادُ" is always taking and making some thing of what was taken. Thus, it is not just the mere taking.

18 The word "أصفاكم" in "أصفاكم" means: [He] preferentially appropriated, i.e. favorably individualized.

<sup>19</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for bashashara/youbashsharo/mubasheron= بشرًا يُبِشُرُ مُبُشِرٌ (مُبُشِرٌ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "أحد"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The expression "face blackened" is an Arabic tongue expression meaning: appear on the face signs of displeasure and shame, or distress.

<sup>&</sup>quot;. كاظم" not "كظيم" as the Arabic is "كظيم" not "كظيم" The word "unrelenting" is employed here to intensify "suppressor" as the Arabic is

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20. And they<sup>z</sup> said: had willed *Ar-Rahma'no* not we شَآءَ ٱلرَّحْمَدُ، worshipped them; not for them by tha'leka(afar-thatit/that) of a knowledge; en(not) they except conjecturing thev.z إِنَّ هُمُ إِلَّا يَخُرُصُونَ كَانُ 21.Or ataynahom(We accorded them)a book\*of before it; so they(are)by it  $^{x}$  mustamsekona<sup>23</sup>(they assiduously-holding-on). 22. Rather they said: verily we found our fathers on an قَالُوٓا إِنَّا وَجَدُّنَآ ءَابَآءَنَا عَلَيْ ummaten<sup>w</sup> (way/religion/faith)<sup>w</sup> and verily we (are) on their footsteps muhtadoona<sup>24</sup>(they who are rightly-guided). أُمَّةِ وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰ ءَاثِرِ هِم مُّهَتَدُونَ 📾 23. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it/that) not sent We of before وَكَذَالِكَ مَآ أُرْسَلِّنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ فِي you<sup>g</sup> in a village<sup>w</sup> of na'theeren (iterative warner)<sup>x</sup> except قَرْيَةِ مِّن نَّذير إلَّا قَالَ مُتَّرَفُوهَا ٓ said its<sup>w</sup> mutrafoo (they<sup>z</sup> who are luxuriated): verily we found our fathers on anummaten<sup>w</sup> (way/religion/faith)<sup>w</sup> إِنَّا وَجَدُنَآ ءَابَآءَنَا عَلَيْ أُمَّةٍ وَإِنَّا and verily we, on their footsteps (are) muqtadoona عَلَىٰٓ ءَاثْرِهِم مُّقْتَدُونَ ﷺ (pattering/modeling). 24. Said [he]: even while albeit<sup>25</sup> I came (to) you<sup>b</sup> by ahda قَالَ أُولَةٍ حِئْتُكُم بِأُهْدَىٰ مِمَّا (more divinely-guided) than what you<sup>c</sup> found on it<sup>x</sup> your<sup>n</sup> وَجَدتُمْ عَلَيْهِ ءَابَآءَكُمُ قَالُوٓا إِنَّا fathers; they said: verily we, by what (had been) sent you<sup>c</sup> by it<sup>x</sup> (are) unbelievers. بِمَآ أُرِّ سِلتُم بِهِ - كَيْفِرُونَ 📆 25. So We avenged from them; so let-look [you<sup>s</sup>] how فَٱنتَقَمِّنَا مِنْهُمُ فَٱنظُرُ كُيِّفَكُانَ [was] the deniers' consequence.w عَنقبَةُ ٱلمُكَذبينَ 📾 26. And edh (when/while) said Ebraheemo (Abraham) for his وَإِذَ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ لِأَبِيهِ وَقُوْمِهِـ ٓ father and his people: verily I am bara'on<sup>26</sup> (absolutely disclaimant/absolver of myself) of what you<sup>z</sup> worship. إِنِّي بَرَآءٌ مِّمَّا تُعْبُدُونَ 📆 27.Except Whom fattaraney ([He] had innately perfectly / originated إلَّا ٱلَّذِي فَطَرَنِي فَإِنَّهُ مُ سَيَهَدِين 🕝 me) so verily He, [He] will divinely-guide [me].  $^{27}$ 28. And [he] made it wa word wever-lasting win his descendants, 28 وَجَعَلُهَا كُلَّمَةً بَاقِيَةً فِي عَقبهِ، la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) they return they.<sup>z</sup> 29. Rather matta'ato (I let relish the transitory worldly delights) those and their fathers until came (to) them the right and a messenger<sup>x</sup> manifester. 30. And *lamma* (when/whence) came (to) them the right<sup>x</sup> حَآءَهُمُ ٱلْحُونُ قَالُواْ هَلِذَا they<sup>z</sup> said: this (is) a magic and verily we (are) by it<sup>x</sup> سخرٌ وَإِنا بِهِۦ كَنْفِرُونَ 📆 unbelievers.

<sup>24</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" / "muhtadeen."

<sup>28</sup> That is his sons, grandsons, and his progeny.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> The word "wire" has several meanings, among them: (1) sought and held some thing; (2) utterly held to some thing; (3) endeavored, tried, and succeeded in holding on to some thing; (4) took refuge in and held fast to some thing; (5) had a firm hold of and was sure in place; (6) assisiduously held on to some thing; (7) having urinary obstipation (blockage).

<sup>25</sup> The construct "وَلَوْنَ" is made up of three distinct components: (1) "وَالْنِيْنَ" disapprobatory interrogative, (2) "وَالْنِيْنَ" adverbial= "while," and (3) "وَالْنِيْنَ" = conditional particle="albeit." For (1) I chose "even" as an intensive to indicate something that is unexpected. For (2) "while" is obvious. For (3) "albeit" seems to me very appropriately self-explanatory.

<sup>26</sup> The word "براء" is stronger than "براء" is an infinitive noun. See بيراء" is an infinitize "بيراء". To infinitize بيراء" absolutely is prefixed to it.
27 The letter "ن" in "بيهدين" by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is called "في عنها" which precedes the speaker's pronoun "ي" The speaker's pronoun "ي" is omitted, for "التخفيف" is omitted, for "التخفيف" (alleviation, lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme). See

31. And they said: lawla (why have not) nuzzela (iteratively	وقَالُواْ لَوَلَا نُزِّلَ هَاذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانُ
had been descended) this Qur'anx on a man, from the	
twain villages,w <sup>29</sup> great.	عَلَىٰرَجُلِ مِّنَ ٱلْقَرِّيَتَيْنِ عَظِيم اللهِ
32. Do they divide your <sup>t</sup> Lord's mercy; <sup>w</sup> We divided	أَهُمْ يَقْسِمُونَ رَحْمُتَ رَبِّكَ ۚ خُنُ
among them their living in the life (of) the world;	
	قَسَمْنَا إِبَيْنَهُم مَّعِيشَتُهُمْ فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰة
and We raised some (of) them above some ranks, w to	ٱلدُّنْيَا ۚ وَرَفَعَنَا بَعْضَهُمۡ فَوۡقَ بَعْض
yattakhetha <sup>30</sup> (take and make) some (of) them some	دَرَجَس ِلِّيَتَّخِذَ بَعْضُهُم بَعْضًا سُخْرِيًّا
subjugable; and your <sup>t</sup> Lord's mercy <sup>w</sup> (is) khayron	
(choicer/superior/worthier) than what they gather.	ورَحْمَتُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا تَجْمَعُونَ ٢
33. And had that be the mankind an <i>ummatan</i> <sup>w</sup> (one faith	وَلُوْلَآ أَن يَكُونَ ٱلنَّاسِ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً
community/a nation) <sup>w</sup> one-she <sup>y</sup> surely We (would have)	
made for whomever [he] unbelieves by Ar-Rahma'ne	لُّجَعَلْنَا لِمَنِ يَكُفُرُ بِٱلرَّحُمُن
for their houses ceilings <sup>x</sup> of silver <sup>w</sup> and ma'a'reja	لِبُيُومَ مُ شُقُفًا مِن فِضَّةٍ وَمَعَارجَ
(curvilinearly stairways) <sup>x</sup> on it <sup>w</sup> ascend they. <sup>z</sup>	عَلَيْهَا يَظُهُرُونَ 🚍
34. And for their houses doors <sup>x</sup> and couches <sup>x</sup> on it <sup>w</sup>	وَلِبُيُوتِهِمْ أَبُوابًا وَسُرُرًا عَلَيْهَا
recline they. <sup>z</sup>	ا يَتَّكِحُونَ 🗊
35. And zukhrofan (gilded-adornment); and en <sup>31</sup> (not) all tha' leka	وَزُخۡرُفًا ۚ وَإِن كُلُّ ذَالِكَ لَمَّا
$(afar-that-it/that)^{x}$ lamma $(but)^{32}$ a mata'ao <sup>33</sup> (resource for a	The state of the s
transitory worldly delight) (of) the life w(of) the world; and	مَتَنعُ ٱلْحَيَّوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۚ وَٱلْاَحِرَةُ عِندَ
the Hereafter <sup>w</sup> <i>enda(by by Rule of)</i> your <sup>t</sup> Lord( <i>is</i> ) for the	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
muttaqeen <sup>x</sup> (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure). <sup>x</sup>	رَبِّكَ لِلمُتَّقِينَ 🝙
36. And whoever [he] purblinds a'n (regarding) thek're	2
(Qur'an/mention of) Ar-Rahma'ne We destine for him a	وَمَنِيعُشُ عَنِ ذِكِر ٱلرَّحْمَان نُقَيض
	لَهُ و شَيْطُننًا فَهُوَ لَهُ و قَرِينٌ ٢
Satan, so [he] (is) for him a qareenon <sup>x</sup> (mate/associate). <sup>x</sup>	
37. And verily they surely assuredly repel them a'n (off)	وَإِنَّهُمْ لَيَصُدُّونَهُمْ عَن ٱلسَّبيل
the path while they reckon that they (are) muhta-	وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُم مُّهْتَدُونَ 🚍
doona <sup>34</sup> (they who are divinely-guided).	
38. Untiledha(when/whereas)[he]came(to)Us said[he]: yalayta	حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَآءَنَا قَالَ يَللَيْتَ بَيْني
(O, for a longing that) between me and [between] you <sup>g</sup> a	وَبَيْنَكَ بُعُدَ ٱلْمَشْرِقَيْنِ فَبِئُسَ
distance x35 (spanning) the mash require (twain sunrise's loci) so	اَلْةُ بِنُ اللَّهِ
wretched(is)the qareenon <sup>x</sup> (mate   associate). <sup>x</sup>	الفرين 🝙
39. And never benefit youb today edh (when/since) youc	وَلَن يَنفَعَكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ إِذ ظَّلَمْتُمْ
wronged; <sup>36</sup> that you <sup>b</sup> ( <i>are</i> ) in the torment partnering.	أَنْكُ فِي ٱلْوَذَاتِ مُشْعَدُكُونَ ﴿
40. Do then you <sup>s</sup> (make) hear the ssomma (deaf people); <sup>37</sup> or	المام على المام ال
tahdey ([you <sup>s</sup> ] divinely-guide) the omya (blind people) and	أَفَأَنتَ تُسْمِعُ ٱلصُّمَّ أُوْتُهُ دِي ٱلْعُمِّي
whomever [he] [was] in a misguidance manifester.	وَمُنْ كَانِ فِي ضَلَالِ مَّبِينِ 🚭
41. So either [We] assuredly go38 (away) by youg then	فَامًّا نَذَهَهُ مَنَّ بِكُ فَانًّا مِنْهُم
verily We (are) from them avengers.	مُنتَقِمُونِ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُونِ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ
	منتقمون (ش)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> That is either Mecca or Ta'if.
<sup>30</sup> The word "إِنَّذَانُ" from "إِنِّذَانُ" which is "إِنَّذَانُ" for "إِنَّذَانُ" as stated in إلاتّذانُ

taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken. Thus, it is not just the mere taking.

31 The article "إن" is an article of negation = "not," see أعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي is an article of negation or circumscription, meaning but or but solely, see إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي.

32 The word "لما" is an article of restriction or circumscription, meaning but or but solely, see القرطبي and القرطبي and القرطبي is an article of exception, i.e.: "but." See "matta'a" with many meanings, among them:

resources of transitory worldly delight. See Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration.

<sup>34</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding .

35 That is twice the distance between the sunrise at the Summer solstice and the sunrise at the winter solstice.

36 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

36 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

37 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

38 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

39 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

30 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

31 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

32 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

34 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

36 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

37 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

38 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

39 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

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37 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

38 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

39 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

30 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "

3

all are plural nouns while their closest English corresponding equivalents all are adjectives and so no عُميٌّ، عُميٌّ plural for any except to associate the respective word with a plural noun people. So, the transliteration.

38 That is We take you away from: (1) city of Mecca, or (2) this life of the world.

10 O FIVE 11 1 0 1 1 1 7 W	
42. Or [We] assuredly show you <sup>g</sup> which <sup>x</sup> We promised	أُوْ نُرِيَنَّكَ ٱلَّذِي وَعَدَّنَيهُمْ فَإِنَّا
them, then verily We (are) over them Mug'tadderona	
(Overcomeers/Prevailers)).	عَلَيْهم مُّقَّتَدِرونَ 🗃
43. So istamsek <sup>39</sup> (let-assiduously-hold-on [you <sup>s</sup> ]) by (that)	فَاسْتَمْسِكَ بِٱلَّذِيِّ أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ
which <sup>x</sup> (had been) revealed <sup>40</sup> to you; verily you <sup>g</sup> (are)	فاستمسِك بِاللَّهِي أُوحَى إِلَيكُ
on Sseratten (single and specific Path) straight.	إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقيم 🗂
44. And verily it (is) surely athek' ron (repute / message / Qur'an) x	
	وَإِنَّهُ لَذِكُمُ لَّكَ وَلِقَوْمِكَ وَسَوْفَ
for you <sup>g</sup> and for your <sup>n</sup> people; and will (be)	- 1-21
questioned you. <sup>z41</sup>	تُسْعَلُونَ 🕝
45. And let-ask [you <sup>s</sup> ] whom <sup>p</sup> W sent [of] before you <sup>g</sup> of	وَشُّئِلُ مَنْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلُكَ مِن
Our messengers; have We made of lesser than-	<u> </u>
/without Ar-Rahma'ne aa'lehatan <sup>w</sup> (deities) <sup>w</sup> (to be)	رُّسُلِنَآ أَجَعَلْنَا مِن دُونِ ٱلرَّحْمَـن
worshipped they. <sup>z</sup>	2 3 72 8 7 111
	ءَالِهَةً يُعْبَدُونَ ﴿
46. And laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) We sent Mosa	وَلَقَدُ أُرْسَلَّنَا مُوسَىٰ بِعَايَتِنَاۤ إِلَىٰ
(Moses) by Our Aya'tew (miracles/signs/proofs) to Pharaoh	
and his chiefs; then said [he]: verily, I am the worlds-	فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيْهِ فَقَالَ إِنَّى
Lord's messenger.	رَسُولُ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ 🗃
47. Then lamma (when/whence) [he] came (to) them by Our	
Aya'te $^{\text{w}}$ (miracles/signs/proofs),edha(suddenly/whereas) they	فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُم بِعَايَئِتِنَآ إِذَا هُم مِّنَّهَا
(were) of it <sup>w</sup> laughing <sup>42</sup> (scornfully).	يَضِّحَكُونَ 🚭
48. And not We show them of an Aya'ten <sup>w</sup> (miracle/sign/	
	وَمَا نُريهِم مِّنْ ءَايَةٍ إِلَّا هِيَ
proof) except it (is) bigger than its sister; and We	أُكْبَرُ مِنْ أُخْتِهَا وَأُخَذَّنَّهُم
took them by the torment, la'alla (craving currently	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
unavailable deed that, perhaps) they return they. <sup>2</sup>	بٱلْعَذَابِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ 👜
49. And they <sup>z</sup> said: O, [you <sup>s</sup> ] the magician <sup>43</sup> , let-invoke	وَقَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهُ ٱلسَّاحِرُ ٱدْعُ لَنَا
[yous] for us your Lord by what [He] covenanted enda	
(with/by)you; <sup>g</sup> verily we surely (are) muhtadoona <sup>44</sup> (they	رَبُّكَ بِمَا عَهِدَ عِندَكَ إِنَّنَا
who are divinely-guided).	لَمُهَتَدُونَ 🗃
50. Then lamma (when/whence) We doffed a'n(off) them the	فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنَّهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ إِذَا
torment, edha (suddenly/whereas) they (were) infracting.	هُمْ يَنكُثُورَ ٠٠٠ 🟐
51. And called Pharaoh in his people, said [he]: O, my	كَذَا كُولُو فَيْ عُنْ فَيْ قُدْ فِي قُولُ اللَّهِ عَنْ فَيْ فَيْ فَيْ فَيْ فَيْ فَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَاكُ
1 1 2 2	ونادي فرعون في فوموء فان
people is not for me Misra's (Egypt's) proprietorship;	يَنقُومُ اليسَ لَى مَلْكُ مِصْرَ وَهِيدِه
and [this-she <sup>ym</sup> ] the rivers <sup>x</sup> run <sup>w</sup> from under me; do	ٱلْأَنَّهَارُ تَجَرى مِن تَحْتَى ٱفلا

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> The word "استمسك" has several meanings, among them: (1) sought and held some-thing; (2) utterly held to some-thing; (3) endeavored, tried, and succeeded in holding on to some-thing; (4) took refuge in and held fast to some-thing; (5) had a firm hold of and was sure in place; (6) assisiduously held on to something; (7) having urinary obstipation (blockage).

<sup>40</sup> The word "أوحى" denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded). And "الكسان" is fire or king. See

<sup>41</sup> That is about it and your stand regarding it.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> It must be noted here with respect to the word "ضحك" which bears different meaning depending on its use with other prepositional particles, natural bodies, or if it is standing by itself. Thus (1) standing by itself "فح فاه و " " فضحك المدور و " فضحك السحاب و " (2) whereas "فضحك منه" (3) "سخر منه" (3) "سخر منه" (3) "فرج صوتا مظهرا السرور ضحك السحاب والزهر انشق و تفتق و العشب استبان والارض بدا نبتها" و "الزهر و العشب و ضحكت الأرض مهما" " «بنها يسخرون" و "منها يضحكون" (aughing" scornfully.

<sup>43</sup> According to their understanding "the magician" is as good as "scholar" or "scientist," so it is a word of honor and glary hence they were "glarifying" him by such a call to help them. See likely and when the such a soll to help them.

glory, hence they were "glorifying" him by such a call to help them. See القرطبي and القرطبي.

<sup>44</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "muhtadoon" = مهتدون

th on 10 at 2000 7 dia 2000 / 20 dia 10 t	- ( ) of
then not you <sup>z</sup> discern/sight.	تُبِّصِرُونَ 🕲
52. Or am I khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) than this x	أَمِّرُ أَنَاْ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ هَىٰذَا ٱلَّذِى هُوَ
who <sup>x</sup> he ( <i>is</i> ) <i>maheenon</i> <sup>45</sup> ( <i>he who is feeble/miniscule/and despicable</i> ) and almost not [ <i>he</i> ] manifests/elucidates. <sup>46</sup>	مَهِينٌ وَلَا يَكَادُ يُبِينُ ﴿
53. So <i>lawla</i> ( <i>why have not been</i> ) cast on him bracelets <sup>w</sup> of	
gold or came with him the angels muqta'reneena (made	فَلَوْلَآ أُلِّقِيَ عَلَيْهِ أَسُورَةٌ مِّن ذَهَبِ أَوْ
associatively/chummily/mates).	جَآءَمَعَهُ ٱلۡمَلۡتِبِكَةُ مُقۡتَرِنِينَ
54.So estakhaffaa <sup>47</sup> ([he] prompted into levity/bluffly to go along	
in astray) his people; so they obeyed him; verily they	فَٱسْتَخَفَّ قَوْمَهُ وَفَأَطَاعُوهُ إِنَّهُمْ
were people fa' segeena (rebels vis-à-vis Allah's command).	كَانُواْ قَوْمًا فَسِقِينَ 🚭
55. So lamma (when/whence) theyz ired48 Us We revenged	فَلَمَّا ءَاسَفُونَا ٱنتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ
from them; so We drowned them wholes.	فَأُغُرُقُنِكُمُ أَجُمُعِينَ ﴿
56. Then We made them antecedents and an example-	فَجَعَلْنَهُمُ سَلَفًا وَمَثَلًا
/parable for the lasts.	ل بنده الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
57. And lamma (when/whence) (had been) struck Mariama's	
(Mary's) son a parable x/example x edha(suddenly/whereas)	<ul> <li>وَلَمَّا ضُرِبَ ٱبُّن مَرْيَمَ مَثَلاً</li> </ul>
your people from him they clamor repulse.	إِذَا قَوْمُكَ مِنْهُ يَصِدُّونَ ﷺ
58. And they <sup>z</sup> said: are our <i>aa'leha'to</i> <sup>w</sup> ( <i>deities</i> ) <sup>w</sup> <i>khayron</i>	وَقَالُوٓاْ ءَأَالِهَتُنَا خَيۡرُ أُمۡرِ هُوَ ۚ مَا
(choicer/superior/worthier) or he; not they struck it for	ضَّرَبُوهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا ۚ بَلُ هُرِ
you <sup>g</sup> except contentiously; rather they (are) people	
kha'ssemona (iteratively disputers/litigators).	قَوْمٌ خَصِمُونَ 📾
59. En (not) he except an abdon <sup>49</sup> (a slave), an'ama <sup>50</sup> (We had graced bounteously and ennoblingly the most desirable and	إنَّ هُوَ إلَّا عَبْدُّ أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَيْهِ
delighting boons) on him; and We made him a parable-	
/example for Israel's sons.	وَجَعَلَّنَكُ مَثَلًا لِّبَنِيَ إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿
60. And if <sup>51</sup> [We] will surely We made of you <sup>b</sup> angels in	وَلَوْ نَشَآء لَجِعَلَّنَا مِنكُم مَّلَتبِكَةً فِي
the Earth <sup>w</sup> succeeding.	ٱلْأَرْضِ يَحُلُفُونَ ﴿
61. And verily he/it <sup>x52</sup> (is) surely a knowledge for The Hour;	وَإِنَّهُ لَعِلْمٌ لِّلسَّاعَةِ فَلَا تَمْتُرُنَّ
so let not [yous] assuredly dubitate by it; w and ettabe' aon'e	هَا وَٱتَّبِعُونَ هَاذَا صِرَاطٌ مُّسَتَقِيمٌ
(let-you <sup>z</sup> closely-follow [me] <sup>53</sup> ); this (is) Sseratton (road/way)	ها والبعول هندا صرط مستقيم
straight.	<u></u>
62. And let not assuredly repel you <sup>b</sup> the Satan; verily he	وَلَا يَصُدَّنَّكُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَينُ إِنَّهُ
(is) for you <sup>b</sup> a foe <sup>54</sup> manifester.	لَكُ عَدُهُ مُّانُ ﴿

<sup>45</sup> The word "maheen" is singular, masculine, objective, noun meaning: he who is feeble, miniscule, and despicable.

what is most desirable and delighting.

51 The particle "ف" since it is a future-connected verb, probable to occur and not sure it's a present occurrence, such a "ف" amounts to "if" or "when.' See مغنى اللبيب؛ إبن هشام.

52 Qur'an commentators differ as to the pronoun "ف" in "ف"." Some say it refers to Isa (Jesus) and his return to Earth expressing definitive knowledge regarding the nigh of the Hour. And others say it refers to the Qur'an as Earth expressing definitive knowledge regarding the high of the Hour. And others say it refers to the Our an as containing knowledge with respect to the Hour and the end of Time. In fact some read the word "العلم" as "ماني "meaning a "sign, or a mark" of the nearness of The Hour of Resurrection. See القرطبي "فان "فان" "فا

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Perhaps this is in reference to the lisp in Moses' tongue. 47 The word "متخفالا بالتباع" has several meanings, such as, applicable here, and Allah knows best, is " حمله استخف" has several meanings, such as, applicable here, and Allah knows best, is "خمله التباع" here means: "he prompted into levity/bluffly to go along in astray." See اللسان العالى عام عنا العالى الع

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> The word "abdon" = "slave," the denotation of this word is vastly paradoxical with respect to Allah vis-à-vis the

humans. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration.

50 The word "أنعن" denotes five distinct ideas: (1) said: yes, (2) perfected the deed (being done), (3) did the most desirable and delighting deed, (4) was bounteous in giving, and (5) granted. There is no English word to express all the arrival desirable and delighting deed, (4) was pounteous in giving, and (5) granted. There is no English word to express all the desirable and delighting deed, (4) was pounteous and provided by the desirable and delighting deed (being done).

63. And lamma (when/whence) came Esa (Jesus) by the وَلَمَّا جَآءَ عِيسَىٰ بِٱلَّبِيِّنَاتِ قَالَ evidences-she<sup>y</sup> [he] said: qad (already and affirmatively) I came (to) youb by the hekma'tey<sup>w55</sup> (wisdom)<sup>w56</sup> and to [I]manifest for you<sup>b</sup> some (of) which<sup>x</sup> you<sup>z</sup> differ in it;<sup>x</sup> so ettago (let reverentially guard you<sup>z</sup> not to displease) Allah and let-you<sup>z</sup> obey [me].<sup>57</sup> 64. Verily Allah, He (is) my Lord and your Lord; so letyou<sup>z</sup> worship Him; this (is) Sseratton (road/way) straight. 65. So differed the parties of among them; so waylon (lengthy: stay in a valley in Hell/bane/woe) for whom<sup>r</sup> *dhalamo*<sup>58</sup> (*they*<sup> $^{2}$ </sup> wronged) of a painful torment day. 66. Do they wait except The Hour that [it] ta'atey ahom (approaches/comes-to them) w suddenly while they not perceive. 67. The akhella<sup>59</sup> (ultimate-faithful-friends) then-day some (of) them for some (are) foe,60 except the muttageenax (they who reverentially guard against Allah's displeasure). 68. O, [My]<sup>61</sup> eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves): neither fear (is) on you<sup>b</sup> today and nor you<sup>f</sup> sadden. 69. Who believed they by Our Aya'te (messages/signs/ نُواْ بِعَايَنِتِنَا وَد *proofs*) and they<sup>z</sup> [were] Muslims. 70. Let enter you<sup>z</sup> the Paradise<sup>w</sup> you<sup>f</sup> and your<sup>n</sup> spouses خُلُواْ ٱلْجَنَّةَ أَنتُمْ وَأَزُواجُكُمْ (wives)62 tohbaroona63 (you? are to be extended hospitality and delight/high honors/and the most pleasing sounds-all with apparent indications). م بصحَافِ مِن ذَهَ 71. (To be) circumambulated on them by platters of gold and goblets; and in it what wish it the selves and ا مَا تُشْتَهِيهِ ٱلْأُ delectate the eyes; and youf (are) in it immortals.

<sup>60</sup> See footnote 54 above regarding "عدو."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> The English word "visdom," inextricably linked to human deficient knowledge and incomplete experience, is highly inadequate term to describe its supposed Arabic equivalent "hekmah." See footnote # 192 of earlier, or the Lexicon attached to this Translation, for an exposition of the word "hekmah."

<sup>56</sup> Ibid.

<sup>60</sup> See footnote 54 above regarding "علق".
61 The speaker's pronoun "ي" in "علق"," by Arabic (linguistic) Rule, is omitted, for "ياب" = "alleviation, lightening" or Ayat's end harmony (rhyme). See إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي = busband or wives. Hence, "وَوَجَ" = he is "وَوَجَ" = he is "وَوَجَ" = husband, and she is "وَوَجَ" and "وَوَجَة" and "وَوَجَة" and "وَوَجَة" has no English equivalent as it involves delight with bounteous provisions, high honor, and the most pleasing sounds. See الطبرى الطبرى المعلى الطبرى المعلى المعلى

72. And *telka<sup>w</sup> (she-that-afar-it<sup>w</sup>/it<sup>w</sup>) (is*) the Paradise<sup>w</sup> which<sup>u64</sup> vou<sup>z</sup> (had been) bequeathed it<sup>w</sup> by what you<sup>c</sup> were working. 73. For you<sup>b</sup> in it<sup>w</sup> a multitudinous<sup>w</sup> fruit<sup>w65</sup> from it<sup>w</sup> you<sup>z</sup> eat. ةٌ مِّنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ 📆 74. Verily the criminals (*are*) in Hell's w torment immortals thev.z 75. Not (to be) abated a'n (off) them and they (are) in itx mublesoona<sup>x</sup> (ones that are nonplused). 76. And not We wronged66 them; [and,] but they were the dha'lemeena<sup>67</sup> (injustice-doers). 77.And they<sup>z</sup> called: O, *Maliko*<sup>68</sup> (*Custodian Angel of Hell*) let judge/finish<sup>69</sup> on/over us your<sup>t</sup> Lord; said [he]: verily you<sup>b</sup> (are) ma'kethona (stayers/remainders). 78. Lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We came (to) you b by the right; [and,] but most (of) you<sup>b</sup> for the right (are) dislikers.x 79. Or they<sup>z</sup> determined/sanctioned a matter; so verily We (are) determiners/sanctioners. 80. Or they reckon/assume (that) surely We hear not (certainly not); and Our messengers laday (directly and possessively are by) them they write. إِن كَانَ لِلرَّحْمُىنِ وَلَدُّ فَأَنَا ۚ أُوَّٰلُ 81. Let-say [yous]: en(if) [was] for Ar-Rahma'ne a son, then verily I am the worshippers' first. 82. Subhana<sup>72</sup>(hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects and that everything solemnly stands in ين رَبِّ ٱلسَّمَواتِ وَٱلْأَرْض awe and utmost consecration of Lord (of) the Heavens<sup>w</sup> and the Earth; the Arshe's (Throne of Kingship) Lord a'n (off) what describe they.<sup>z</sup> 83. So leave them wade and play, until youlago (they<sup>z</sup> encounter/meet) their day which they (are) (being) promised. اْ يُوْمُكُمُ الَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ 📹

69 That is: let your Lord deprive us of life, better than the torment being inflicted upon them.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> The word "Paradise w" is a feminine gender in Arabic, so its reference pronoun must be feminized, hence w.

<sup>65</sup> The word "Fardatse" is a femante gender in Arabic, so this reference pronoun must be femantized, fielde".
65 The word "فالحية" = "fruit" in Arabic is feminine-gender. Hence it and its qualifier adjective are feminized by w.
66 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فالمين" = "injustice-doer" and "مالين" = "the injustice-doers," as "فالمين" = "injustice." See the Lexicon attached to this Translation.
68 The Custodian Angel of the Hellfire. See commentary of "القرطبي القرطبي .

<sup>70</sup> The word "bala" = "certainly-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "نو" see footnote 196 or the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration.

<sup>71</sup> The word "لدي"، from "عندي مال و المال ليس بقبضتك الآن" as you can say: "لادى" thus, "لادى" thus, "لادى" thus, "لادى"

which closer spatially and more specific. So, "directly and possessively are by" (them) seems to indicate such closeness. See الليان "has no English equivalent. Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحان") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that everything solemnly stands in awe and utmost consecration of His divine and stupendous uniqueness. So, we can render "subhand"= "سيحان" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously Allah is deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for more elaboration on this wondrous word.

84. And He Who(is)in the Heaven an Elahon (a Deity) and ٱلَّذِي فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ إِلَيَّهُ وَفِي in the Earth<sup>w</sup> an *Elahon*; and He (is) The Hakeemo<sup>74</sup> (infinite hekmah<sup>75</sup> Possessor), The Omniscient. 85. Tabaraka<sup>76</sup> ([He] mutually aggrandized and blessed massive good and worth) Who for Him(is) the Heavens' wand the Earth's w proprietorship and what (is) between them both; and endaho (by His munificence/by His Rule) The Hour'sw knowledge; and to Him (are to be) returned you. 86. And not possess who they invoke of lesser than-/without Him the intercession<sup>w</sup> except whomever [he] witnessed by the right while they know. 87. And la'en (indeed if) youh asked them: Whoa created them; surely assuredly<sup>77</sup> say they:<sup>z</sup> Allah; then wherefrom<sup>78</sup>yo'afakoona<sup>79</sup>(they<sup>2</sup>: are off-right dissuaded | are dissuaded 88. And his say: x80 O, my Lord; verily those (are) people believing not. 89. So let-pardon [yous] a'n (regarding) them and let-say [you<sup>s</sup>]: peace; so will they<sup>z</sup> know.

<sup>&</sup>quot;. حكيم" and "الحكيم" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

<sup>76</sup> See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this important word "تبارك". In summary: [He] firmly bestows as

<sup>[</sup>He] accepts multitudinous goodness and worthiness.

77 The "ل" in "اليقولن" is a juratory "لا القسم" " amounting to= "المناكيد" i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly".

78 The word "نوفكون" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where.

79 The word "بوفكون" means they are dissuaded to divert to an improper path away from the right, they get persuaded by specious concoction.

<sup>80</sup> The word "قيله" is made up of "قيله" and the pronoun "ه" belongs to the Messenger. +